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Collards—Brassica oleracea L. var. acephala DC.

Corn, sweet-Zea mays L.

Cornsalad—Valerianella locusta (L.) Laterrade Cowpea—Vigna unguiculata (L.) Walp. subsp. unguiculata

Cress, garden—Lepidium sativum L.

Cress, upland—Barbarea verna (Mill.) Asch.

Cress, water—Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum (L.) Hayek

Cucumber—Cucumis sativus L.

Dandelion—Taraxacum officinale Wigg.

Dill—Anethum graveolens L.

Eggplant—Solanum melongena L. Endive—Cichorium endivia L.

Gherkin, West India—Cucumis anguria L.

Kale—Brassica oleracea L. var. acephala DC.

Kale, Chinese—Brassica oleracea L. var. alboglabra (Bailey) Musil

Kale, Siberian—Brassica napus L. var pabularia (DC.) Reichb.

Kohlrabi—Brassica oleracea L. var. gongylodes L.

Leek-Allium porrum L.

Lettuce—Lactuca sativa L.

Melon—Cucumis melo L.

Muskmelon—(see Melon).

Mustard, India—Brassica juncea (L.) Czernj. and Coss.

Mustard, spinach—Brassica perviridis (Bailey) Bailey

Okra—Abelmoschus esculentus (L.) Moench Onion—Allium cepa L.

Onion, Welsh—Allium fistulosum L.

Pak-choi—Brassica rapa L. subsp. chinensis (L.) Hanelt

Parsley—Petroselinum crispum (Mill.) A.W. Hill

Parsnip—Pastinaca sativa L.

Pea— $Pisum\ sativum\ L.$

Pepper—Capsicum spp.

Pe-tsai—(see Chinese cabbage).

Pumpkin—Cucurbita pepo L., C. moschata (Duchesne) Poiret, and C. maxima Duchesne Radish—Raphanus sativus L.

Rhubarb—Rheum rhabarbarum L.

Rutabaga—Brassica napus L. var. napobrassica (L.) Reichb.

Sage—Salvia officinalis L.

Salsify—Tragopogon porrifolius L.

Savory, summer—Satureja hortensis L.

Sorrel—Rumex acetosa L.

Southernpea—(see Cowpea).

Soybean—Glycine max (L.) Merr.

Spinach—Spinacia oleracea L.

Spinach, New Zealand—*Tetragonia* tetragonioides (Pall.) Ktze.

Squash—Cucurbita pepo L., C. moschata (Duchesne) Poiret, and C. maxima Duchesne

Tomato—Lycopersicon esculentum Mill. Tomato, husk—Physalis pubescens L.

Turnip—Brassica rapa L. subsp. rapa

Watermelon—Citrullus lanatus (Thunb.)
Matsum, and Nakai yar. lanatus

§ 361.2 Preemption of State and local laws; general restrictions on the importation of seed and screenings.

- (a) The regulations in this part preempt State and local laws regarding seed and screenings imported into the United States while the seed and screenings are in foreign commerce. Seed and screenings imported for immediate distribution and sale to the consuming public remain in foreign commerce until sold to the ultimate consumer. The question of when foreign commerce ceases in other cases must be considered on a case-by-case basis.
- (b) No person shall import any agricultural seed, vegetable seed, or screenings into the United States unless the importation is in compliance with this part.
- (c) Any agricultural seed, vegetable seed, or screenings imported into the United States not in compliance with this part shall be subject to exportation, destruction, disposal, or any remedial measures that the Administrator determines are necessary to prevent the dissemination into the United States of noxious weeds.
- (d) Except as provided in §361.7(b), coated or pelleted seed may enter the United States only if each lot of seed is accompanied by an officially drawn and sealed sample of seed drawn from the lot before the seed was coated or pelleted. The sample must be drawn in a manner consistent with that described in §361.5 of this part.
- (e) Except as provided in §§361.4(a)(3) and 361.7(c), screenings of all agricultural seed and vegetable seed are prohibited entry into the United States.

[62 FR 48460, Sept. 16, 1997, as amended at 74 FR 53400, Oct. 19, 2009]

§361.3 Declarations and labeling.

- (a) All lots of agricultural seed, vegetable seed, and screenings imported into the United States must be accompanied by a declaration from the importer of the seed or screenings. The declaration must state the kind, variety, and origin of each lot of seed or screenings and the use for which the seed or screenings are being imported.
- (b) Each container of agricultural seed and vegetable seed imported into